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) STATES **CHANGE COMMISSION** , D.C. 20549

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**ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT FORM X-17A-5** PART III

SEC FILE NUMBER 8-50382

#### **FACING PAGE**

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINING	01/01/09	AND ENDING	12/31/09
	MM/DD/YY		MM/DD/YY
A.	REGISTRANT IDENTII	FICATION	
NAME OF BROKER DEALER: Lampost 0	Capital, L. C.		OFFICAL USE ONLY
•			FIRM ID. NO.
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUS	SINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box N	lo.)	<u> </u>
4	7777 W. Glades Road, Su	nite 213	
	(No. and Street)		
Boca Raton	Florida		33434
(City)	(State)		(Zip Code)
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PI Scott Carothers	ERSON TO CONTACT IN REG		ORT 561-883-0454 Area Code – Telephone No.)
В.	ACCOUNTANT DESIG	NATION	
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT V			
	Lashley, Seland & Rotrof		
(Nar 919 West State Road 436, Suite 300, A	ne - <i>if individual, state last, first,</i> Altamonte Springs	middle name) Florida	o.32714
(Address and City)	- Springs	(State)	Mail E (Zip Code)
CHECK ONE:			Section
☑ Certified Public Accountant			MAR 0 1 2010
Public Accountant			WW 0 1 2010
Accountant not resident in United	States or any of its Possessions		Washington, DC
	FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY		121

\*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual audit be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See section 240.17a-5(e)(2).

#### **OATH OR AFFIRMATION**

I,	Michael S. Meade	, swear (or affirm) that, to the
best of my knowledge and believe	of the accompanying financial statement an	d supporting schedules pertaining to the firm or
December	Lampost Capital, L. C.  31, 2009 are true and correct. I f	, as of
	31, 2009 are true and correct. I facipal officer or director has any proprietary	further swear (or affirm) that neither the company interest in any account classified solely as that o
		Signature
		President
U Public Nota	DOMINIQUE GUILLARD  NOTARY PUBLIC - STATE OF FLORIDA  COMMISSION # DD 754271  MY COMMISSION EXPIRES 4/6/2-012	
nis report** contains (check all app (a) Facing page. (b) Statement of Financial Cond (c) Statement of Income (Loss).	licable boxes);	
(f) Statement of changes in Liab (g) Computation of Net Capital.	kholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietor littles Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.	•
(i) Information Relating to the Policy (j) A Reconciliation, including a	on of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15 ossession or control Requirements Under Rule 15 oppropriate explanation, of the Computation of N	15c3-3. Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the
Computation for Determination	on of the Reserve Requirements under Exhibit A audited and unaudited Statements of Financial	A of Rule 15c3-1.
(m) A copy of the SIPC Supplem	ental Report. rial inadequacies found to exist or found to have	e existed since the date of the previous audit.

<sup>\*\*</sup> For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

#### LAMPOST CAPITAL, L.C. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

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#### LASHLEY, SELAND & ROTROFF, P.A.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

D. Gary Lashley, CPA Kurt Seland, CPA Stephen R. Rotroff, CPA

#### Report of Independent Certified Public Accountants

Members Lampost Capital L.C.

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Lampost Capital L.C. as of December 31, 2009, and the related statements of income, changes in members' equity, and cash flows for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Lampost Capital, L.C. as of December 31, 2009, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in the schedules presented on pages 11 and 12 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements, but are supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 under the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

February 19, 2010

#### LAMPOST CAPITAL, L.C. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

#### **Assets**

Cash and cash equivalents Receivables from clearing broker and others Securities purchased, not yet sold Prepaid expenses and other current assets Property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation of \$24,352	\$ 317,380 620,534 8,361 6,424 36,429
	\$ 989,128
Liabilities and members' equity	
Liabilities:	
Accounts payable	\$ 66,482
Accrued expenses	 93,701
Total liabilities	 160,183
Members' equity	 828,945
	\$ 989,128

## LAMPOST CAPITAL L.C. STATEMENT OF INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

#### Revenues:

Proceeds from order flow activity, net	\$ 715,025
Trading	450,442
Commissions	414,994
Advisory fees	241,457
Interest, dividends and other	12,146
Unrealized loss	 (1,583)
Total revenue	1,832,481
Expenses:	
Wages and taxes	475,924
Execution costs	245,260
Clearing costs	110,438
Other operating costs	99,222
Occupancy	17,809
Depreciation	5,966
Telephone and communications	6,822
Total expenses	961,441
-	
Net Income	\$ 871,040

## LAMPOST CAPITAL L.C. STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN MEMBERS' EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

		embers' Equity
Balance at January 1, 2009	\$	389,036
Purchase of minority interest		(9,949)
Distributions	ı	(421,182)
Net income		871,040
Balance at December 31, 2009	\$	828,945

## LAMPOST CAPITAL L.C. STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

Cash flows from operating activities:	
Net income	\$ 871,040
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided	
by operating activities:	
Depreciation	5,966
Increase or decrease in assets and liabilities:	
Increase in due from clearing broker and others	(451,653)
Securities purchased, not yet sold	(454)
Decrease in prepaid and other current assets	2,234
Increase in accrued expenses	87,894
Increase in accounts payable	45,630
Total cash provided by operating activities	560,657
Cash flows from investing activities:	
Purchase of minority interest	(9,949)
Purchase of computer equipment	(2,909)
Total cash used in investing activities	(12,858)
Cash flows from financing activities:	(10.005)
Payments on auto loan	(10,285)
Distributions to members	(421,182)
Total cash used in financing activities	(431,467)
Net increase in cash	116,332
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	201,048
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 317,380
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:	
Cash paid during the year for interest	\$ 256
Cash paid during the year for income taxes	<u> </u>

#### 1. ORGANIZATION

Lampost Capital, L.C. (the "Company") was organized as a limited liability company on July 16, 1997, in the state of Florida. The Company is a registered broker-dealer with the Securities and Exchange Commission and a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc. ("FINRA").

The Company operates an office in Boca Raton, Florida. The Company's sources of revenue are derived from unsolicited brokerage transactions, market making, proprietary trading and fees for other services rendered. The Company is an introducing broker-dealer and clears its trades through Penson Financial Services, Inc. (the "Clearing Broker"). Although the Company's Clearing Broker maintains the accounts of all customers, the Company remains contingently liable for customers who do not fulfill their obligations.

#### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Cash and Cash equivalents - Cash equivalents are short-term, liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less and are carried at cost, which approximates market value.

Due from clearing broker and others - Due from clearing broker and others represents commissions and other monies due the Company from the Clearing Broker and some miscellaneous receivables. An allowance for doubtful accounts is not recorded since the Clearing Broker adjusts accounts monthly to actual results.

Securities purchased, not yet sold - Securities purchased, which are readily marketable are recorded at market value with unrealized gains and losses reflected in income. See Note 4 for further discussion.

Furniture and equipment – Furniture and equipment are recorded at cost. Repair and maintenance costs are charged to operations as incurred. When assets are retired or disposed of, the cost and accumulated depreciation thereon are removed from the accounts, and any gains or losses are included in operations. Depreciation on furniture and equipment is provided utilizing the straight line method over the estimated useful lives of the related assets, which is estimated at three to five years.

Securities transactions - Proprietary securities transactions in regular-way trades are recorded on the trade date, as if they had settled. Profit and loss arising from all securities transactions entered into for the account and risk of the Company are recorded on a trade date basis. Customer securities are reported on a settlement date basis with related commission income and expenses reported on a trade date basis.

Amounts receivable and payable for securities transactions that have not reached their contractual settlement date are recorded net on the statement of financial condition.

Marketable securities are valued at market value.

Fair value of financial instruments – All of the Company's financial instruments, other than those instruments discussed in Note 4, are carried at market value or at amounts, which, because of their short-term nature, approximate current fair value. See Note 4 for further discussion.

#### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

**Commission** – Commissions and related clearing expenses are recorded on a trade-date basis as securities transactions occur.

*Income taxes* - The Company, with the consent of its members, elected to be taxed as a partnership under the Internal Revenue Code. All taxable income or loss flows through to the members. Accordingly, no income tax expense or liability is recorded in the accompanying financial statements.

Use of estimates - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### 3. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Company shares office space and other related administrative costs with an affiliated company, which is 50% owned by the majority member. This entity executes transactions on behalf of its clients through the Company and its clearing broker and the Company receives commissions on the trades and other income derived from the balances in the accounts of those clients.

The Company had a minority member who owned two percent (2%) of the Company. As of December 31, 2009, the Company purchased the minority interest for \$9,949 and recorded an accrued expense in the accompanying financial statements.

#### 4. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The Company has certain investments reported in the accompanying statement of financial condition. FASB ASC 820-10-50-1 through 50-3 establishes a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. This hierarchy consists of three broad levels: Financial assets and liabilities valued using level 1 inputs are based on unadjusted quoted market prices within active markets. Financial assets and liabilities valued using level 2 inputs are based primarily on quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active or inactive markets. Financial assets and liabilities using level 3 inputs were primarily valued using management's assumptions about the assumptions market participants would utilize in pricing the asset or liability.

#### 4. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (continued)

Accumulated depreciation

The following schedule details the level of the Company's financial instruments measured on a recurring basis:

		ir Value I	Quote in A Mark Idea As	ement at R d Prices active tets for ntical esets vel 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)		Description  Significant Jnobservable Inputs (Level 3)
Assets: Securities owned	<u>\$</u>	<u>8,361</u>	<u>\$</u>	6,342	<u>\$</u>	<u>.                                    </u>	2,018
The following is a reconciliation	of Le	vel 3 asse	ts:				
	Fair	· Value M	leasurer		g Significant Undevel 3)	obse	rvable Inputs
Beginning balance Total unrealized gains Ending balance						9	Equities 2,000 18 2,018
5. FURNITURE AND EQUIP	MEN	T					
Furniture and equipment consists	of the	followin	ıg at De	cember 3	1, 2009:		
Property and equ	ipmer	nt				\$	60,781

During the year ended December 31, 2009, the Company wrote off property and equipment valued at \$11,235, which was fully depreciated. Depreciation expense for the twelve months ended December 31, 2009 was \$5,966.

(24,352)

\$ 36,429

#### 6. CONTRACTUAL COMMITMENTS

The Company renewed its lease for office space and the renewed lease expires on August 31, 2011. Rent expense, including parking fees and sales tax for the year ended December 31, 2009 was \$17,809 (see Note 3). The Company's minimum annual rental obligations are as follows:

2010		17,110
2011		11,707
	\$	28,817

#### 7. DEBT

During the year ended December 31, 2009, the Company paid debt in full totaling \$10,285, and paid interest on the debt of \$715.

### 8. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS WITH OFF-BALANCE-SHEET RISK AND CONCENTRATION OF CREDIT RISK

The Company's customers' securities transactions are introduced on a fully disclosed basis to its Clearing Broker. The Clearing Broker is responsible for collection of and payment of funds and receipt and delivery of securities for customer transactions. Off-balance sheet risk exists with respect to these transactions due to the possibility that customers may be unable to fulfill their contractual commitments and the Clearing Broker may charge any losses to the Company. The Company seeks to minimize the risk through procedures designed to monitor creditworthiness of the customers and proper execution of transactions by the Clearing Broker.

The Company maintains cash at two national banks. The cash is maintained in FDIC checking accounts and an insured money market deposit account.

The Company maintains accounts at its Clearing Broker. The accounts contain cash and securities. Balances are insured up to \$500,000 (with a limit of \$250,000 for cash not maintained in money market funds) by the Securities Investor Protection Corporation ("SIPC"), and the Clearing Broker carries an excess surety bond for amounts over the maximum allowed by the SIPC.

#### 9. NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

The Company's minimum net capital requirement under Rule 15c3-1 of the Securities and Exchange Commission is the greater of 6 2/3% of aggregate indebtedness (\$10,687 at December 31, 2009), or a calculation based upon the number of securities in which the Company makes a market (\$116,258 at December 31, 2009), or \$100,000, whichever is greater. The Company operates pursuant to the (K)(2)(ii) exemption under SEC Rule 15c3-3 and does not hold customer funds or securities. The Company is, therefore, exempt from the reserve formula calculations and possession or control computations. At December 31, 2009, the net capital, as computed, was \$650,386. Consequently, the Company had excess net capital of \$534,128.

#### 9. NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS (continued)

At December 31, 2009 the percentage of aggregate indebtedness to net capital was 24.6% versus an allowable percentage of 1500%.

#### 10. RECONCILIATION OF NET CAPITAL

The net capital computation shown on the Company's December 31, 2009, FOCUS IIA, and the computation shown on the Computation of Net Capital pursuant to SEC Rule 15c3-1 agree.

#### 11. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In preparing these financial statements, the Company has evaluated events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through February 19, 2010, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

# LAMPOST CAPITAL, L.C. COMPUTATION AND RECONCILIATION OF NET CAPITAL UNDER RULE 15c3-1 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2009

#### Computation of basic net capital requirements:

Total members' equity qualified for net capital	 828,945
Deduction:	
Non-allowable assets:	
Receivables	123,684
Other assets	6,424
Property and equipment, net	 36,429
Total non-allowable assets	 166,537
Net capital before haircuts and securities positions	 662,408
Haircuts:	
Restricted stock	2,000
Securities puchased, not yet sold	954
Money market funds	 9,068
	 12,022
Net capital	650,386
Minimum net capital requirements:	
6 2/3% of total aggregate indebtedness (\$10,687)	
Minimum dollar net capital for this broker-dealer (\$100,000)	
Minimum dollar net capital requirement as a market-maker (\$116,258)	
Net capital requirement (greater of above three requirements)	 116,258
Net capital in excess of required minimum	\$ 534,128
Excess net capital at 1000%	\$ 634,368
Reconciliation:	
Net capital, per pages 9-10 of the December 31, 2009, unaudited	
Focus Report, as filed	\$ 650,386
Audit adjustments	 -
Net capital, per December 31, 2009, audited report, as filed.	\$ 650,386

# LAMPOST CAPITAL, L.C. COMPUTATION OF AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS UNDER RULE 17A-5 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2009

#### Aggregate indebtedness:

Accounts payable and accrued expenses	_\$_	160,303
Total aggregate indebtedness included in Statement of Financial	\$	160,303
Percentage of aggregate indebtedness to net capital		24.65%

# LAMPOST CAPITAL, L.C. INFORMATION RELATING TO THE POSSESSION OR CONTROL REQUIREMENTS UNDER SEC RULE 15c3-3 AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2009

Lampost Capital, L.C. operates pursuant to the (k)(2)(ii) exemption under SEC Rule 15c3-3 and does not hold funds or securities. Lampost Capital, L.C. is, therefore, exempt from the reserve formula calculations and possession and control computations.



#### LASHLEY, SELAND & ROTROFF, P.A.

#### CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

D. Gary Lashley, CPA Kurt Seland, CPA Stephen R. Rotroff, CPA

#### REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL STRUCTURE REQUIRED BY SEC RULE 17a-5 FOR A BROKER-DEALER CLAIMING EXEMPTION FROM SEC RULE 15c3-3

Member Lampost Capital, L.C.:

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Lampost Capital, L.C. (the "Company"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2009 in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting ("internal control") as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons and recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13
- 2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control and the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

#### Page 2

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the company's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures, as described in the second paragraph of this report, were adequate at December 31, 2009, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC, Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc., and other regulatory agencies that rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

February 19, 2010



#### LASHLEY, SELAND & ROTROFF, P.A.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

D. Gary Lashley, CPA Kurt Seland, CPA Stephen R. Rotroff, CPA

### INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON APPLYING AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES RELATED TO AN ENTITY'S SIPC ASSESSMENT RECONCILIATION

To the Managing Member Lampost Capital, L.C.

In accordance with Rule 17a-5(e)(4) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, we have performed the procedures enumerated below with respect to the accompanying Transitional Assessment Reconciliation ("Form SIPC-7T) to the Securities Investor Protection Corporation ("SIPC") for the period April 1, 2009 to December 31, 2009, which were agreed to by Lampost Capital, L.C. and the Securities and Exchange Commission, the Financial Industry Regulatory, Inc. and SIPC, solely to assist you and the other specified parties in evaluating Lampost Capital, L.C.'s compliance with the applicable instructions of Form SIPC-7T. Lampost Capital, L.C.'s management is responsible for Lampost Capital, L.C.'s compliance with those requirements. This agreed-upon procedures engagement was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The sufficiency of these procedures is solely the responsibility of those parties specified in this report. Consequently, we make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedures described below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose. The procedures we performed and our findings are as follows:

- 1. Compared the listed assessment payment in Form SIPC-7T with cash disbursement entries recorded in the general ledger and bank account reconciliations for the year ended December 31, 2009, noting no differences;
- Compared the Total Revenue amounts of the audited Form X-17A-5 for the year ended December 31, 2009 less revenues reported on the FOCUS reports for the period from January 1, 2009 to March 31, 2009 with the amounts reported on SIPC-7T for the period from April 1, 2009 to December 31, 2009, noting no differences;
- 3. Compared any adjustments reported in Form SIPC-7T with supporting schedules and working papers, noting no differences; and
- 4. Proved the arithmetical accuracy of the calculations reflected in Form SIPC-7T and the related schedules and working papers (Focus Reports and General Ledger) supporting the adjustments, noting no differences.

We were not engaged to, and did not conduct an examination, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion on compliance. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the specified parties listed above and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than those specified parties.

holly, Silved; Kitty, P.A.

February 19, 2010

(29-REV 12/09)

## SECURITIES INVESTOR PROTECTION CORPORATION 805 15th St. N.W. Suite 800. Washington. D.C. 20005-2215 202-371-8300

(29-REV 12/09)

#### Transitional Assessment Reconciliation

(Read carefully the instructions in your Working Copy before completing this Forms

#### TO BE FILED BY ALL SIPC MEMBERS WITH FISCAL YEAR ENDINGS

=	Calculations Exceptions: Disposition of exceptions:	Documentation	- Stage	Forward Copy
EWER	Dates: Posimarked Received	Reviewed		
This for a	form and the assessment payment is d period of not less than 6 years, the la	ue 60 days after the end est 2 years in an easily	of the fiscal year Retain	the Working Copy of this form
Date	d the day of, 20		Authorized PEN	
and (	complete		giveme of Corporation, Parine	
3 = rs1	SIPC member submitting this form and the control whom it is executed represent there all information contained herein is true, o	bν ·· -		
3. Sı	ubsidiaries (S) and predecessors (P) :notu	ded in this form (give han	ne and 1934 Act registratio	n number): NA
	Overpayment carried forward	\$:		)
	: PAID WITH THIS FORM: Check enclosed, payable to SIPC Total (must be same as F above)	\$	<del>2513</del> 7250	
	. Total assessment balance and interest	due for overpayment carr	ied forward)	s 4915 CC50
	. Interest computed on late payment (se			2.203 2750
۵	. Assessment balance due or (overpaym	eati		21393 2250
С	Less prior overpayment applied			!
8	Less cayment made with SIFC-8 fled ind  1,090 7/2/29 1/1		SIPC-4 (exc.ude interest)	1,240
2. A	. General Assessment [stem 29 from pag	e 2 (not less than \$150 m	inimum)]	1 3533 3490
		respe	eand lelephone number of parting this form.	hown on the mailing labe! ail any corrections to in the form filed  person to contact
	Boca Raton, FL 33434			<u> </u>
	Lampost Capital, L.C 7777 Glades Road, Su	frame	res correction, please e-ma Osipolorg and so indicate o	ill any corrections to in the form filed.
ł	Lamport Capital I. ()			hown on the mailing labe!

### DETERMINATION OF "SIPC NET OPERATING REVENUES" AND GENERAL ASSESSMENT

		Amounts for the fiscal perico beginning April 2003 and ending 2007.
ltem No. 2a - Total revenue (FOGUS Line 12 Peri (IA Line 3).	Code 4030:	5 1.692,567
2b Additions:		
	ness of subsidiaries (except foreign subsidiaries) and	
(2) Net loss from principal transactions in s	equirities in trading accounts.	
(a) Net loss from principal transactions in o	permodifies in traping accounts	
(4) interest and dividence expense deducted	determining item 2a.	
(5) Net loss from management of or particip	oal on in the underwriting or distribution of securities.	
(6) Expanses other than advertising, printing profit from management of or participation	registration fees and legal fees deducted in determining net in underwriting or distribution of securities.	
(7) Net loss from securities in investment a	peonts.	
To at additions		O
investment trust, from the sale or variation	s of a registered open and investment company or unit be annulties, from the business of insurance, from investment a investment companies or insurance company separate unity fatures products.	
(2) Revenues from commodity transactions		7 1 1-5
(3) Commissions, floor brokerage and clear securities fransactions.	raide para to other SIPC members in connection with	204,472 239,402
(4) Reimbursements for postage in connect	en with proxy solicitation.	
(5) Natigain from securities in investment a	colounts.	
(6) 100% of commissions and markups earn in Treasury billis, bankers acceptances from issizance date.	red from transactions in (it certificates of deposit and in commercial paper that mature nine months or less	
(?) Direct expenses or printing advertising related to the securities business rreve	allo legar lees incurred in connection with other revenue neel defined by Section 16:91(1) or the Act)	
(6) Other revenue not related either cirectly	y or indirectly to the securities business	
(See Instruction C;		40,000
(9) (1) Total interest and dividend expense Code 4075 bits fine 26(4) above tot of total interest and dividend income	not in excess	
(4) 48% of interest earned on customers (40% of FOCUS line 5, Code 3960	s 1,993	( <del>-</del>
Enter the greater of line $(\cdot,\cdot)$ or $\{\cdot\}$		ر العالم
Total deductions	200	739402
20. SIPC Net Operating Revenues		5 1-453-165 1396
Re. General Assessment @ 0025		\$ 3433 319
	2	To page 1 but not less than \$150 m elmum
	<u>:  </u>	